

# 3% and 6% Sodium Hypochlorite

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 09 November 2022

Revision date: 09 November 2022

Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
Trade name : 3% sodium hypochlorite and 6% sodium hypochlorite

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : A sodium hypochlorite solution designed for irrigation, debridement, and cleansing of root canals during and after instrumentation.

#### 1.3. Supplier

Inter-Med, Inc. / Vista Dental Products  
2200 South Street  
Racine, WI 53404  
T: (877)-418-4782

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 800-424-9300 (North America) / +1 (703) 527-3887 (International)

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Causes serious eye damage

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger  
Hazard statements (GHS US) : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.  
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
Wear protective gloves, eye protection.  
If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
Store locked up.  
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Sodium hypochlorite	(CAS-No.) 7681-52-9	<6	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash off immediately and plentifully with water for at least 20 minutes. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with clean water for 20-30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

- Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes severe burns.
- Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
- Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Fire hazard : On combustion, forms: carbon oxides (CO and CO<sub>2</sub>). Toxic and irritating gases are released. If the product is involved in a fire, it can release toxic chlorine gases
- Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Use personal protective equipment as required. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For disposal of residues refer to section 13: "Disposal considerations".

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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- Incompatible materials : Acids. ammonia. Amines. Powdered metals. Oxidizing agent. Organic materials. Methanol.
- Storage temperature : 4 °C (39 °F)

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)		
AIHA	WEEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (15-min. STEL)

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
- Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

##### Hand protection:

Impermeable protective gloves

##### Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side shields

##### Skin and body protection:

Long sleeved protective clothing

##### Respiratory protection:

No respiratory protection needed under normal use conditions

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state : Liquid
- Appearance : Clear.
- Color : Yellow
- Odor : Slight chlorine
- Odor threshold : No data available
- pH : 11.4 - 13
- Melting point : No data available
- Freezing point : No data available
- Boiling point : ≈ 100 °C (212 °F)
- Flash point : No data available
- Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
- Vapor pressure : 17.5 mm Hg (20° C)
- Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available
- Relative density : No data available
- Specific gravity / density : ≈ 1.1 (70 °F)
- Solubility : No data available
- Log Pow : No data available

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Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizers and acids.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep out of direct sunlight.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Amines. ammonia. Powdered metals. Oxidizing agent. Organic materials. Methanol.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On combustion, forms: carbon oxides (CO and CO<sub>2</sub>). Toxic and irritating gases are released.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

#### Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)

LD50 oral rat	8.91 g/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 11.4 - 13
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage. pH: 11.4 - 13
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

#### Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)

IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
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Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Likely routes of exposure	: Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin and eyes contact.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : This material has not been tested for environmental effects.

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
LC50 fish 1	0.06 - 0.11 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.033 - 0.044 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 fish 2	4.5 - 7.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1791 Hypochlorite solutions, 8, II  
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1791  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Hypochlorite solutions  
Class (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136  
Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202  
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion. B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized. B15 - Packaging must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. IP5 - IBCs must have a device to allow venting. The inlet to the venting device must be located in the vapor space of the IBC under maximum filling conditions. N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively. TP24 - The portable tank may be fitted with a device to prevent the build up of excess pressure due to the slow decomposition of the hazardous material being transported. The device must be in the vapor space when the tank is filled under maximum filling conditions. This device must also prevent an unacceptable amount of leakage of liquid in the case of overturning.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 26 - Stow "away from" acids
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 154
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

### Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport document description	: UN1791 HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, 8, II
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1791
Proper Shipping Name (Transportation of Dangerous Goods)	: HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosives
Packing group	: II - Medium Danger
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 1 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 1 L

### Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1791 HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, 8, II
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1791
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Class (IMDG)	: 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG)	: II - substances presenting medium danger

### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1791 Hypochlorite solution, 8, II
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1791
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Hypochlorite solution

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Class (IATA) : 8 - Corrosives  
Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### CANADA

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

##### EU-Regulations

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

##### National regulations

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)	
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory	
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)	
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)	
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)	
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)	
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)	

#### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

### SECTION 16: Other information

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Revision date : 22 February 2021

Full text of H-phrases:

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*